

DECIDUOUS TREES

Deciduous Trees	Height	Spread	Roots	Growth	Flowers	Fruit	Fall Color	Soil	Remarks
Catalpa <i>Catalpa speciosa</i>	20-40'	20-30'	Deep	Rapid	White clusters June-July	Long brown pods		Most soils	Takes sun, shade, cold, prune to avoid weak wood, messy, tropical looking
Crape Myrtle <i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>	10-25'	10-20'	Shallow	Mod.	Purple, pink, red, or white clusters Jul-Sept	Brown woody capsule	Red gold	Most, drained	Full sun, infrequent deep water when buds & flowers form. Susceptible to powdery mildew, prune yearly for flowers
Dogwood, Western <i>Cornus nuttali</i>	30-50'	15-20'		Slow	White bracts Apr-May	Red berry clusters	Yellow	Well drained	Needs afternoon shade, temperamental, little water or fertilizer
Fig, Edible <i>Fig, Edible</i>	15-30'	15-30'	Deep	Fairly fast when young	Not showy	Edible, differs by variety		Most, drained	Sun, difficult to establish - protect from frost when buds swell during 1 st year or two. Avoid deep cultivation. 'Black Mission' and 'White Kadota' most popular in our area.
Golden Rain Tree <i>Koelreuteria paniculata</i>	20-30'	15-20'	Deep	Slow	Yellow clusters May-June	Red-brown papery capsule		Most, drained	Takes sun, cold, wind
Hackberry, Common <i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	30-40'	20-30'	Deep	Mod.	Inconspicuous	Small purple berries		Most	Takes sun, wind, good for lawns, narrow planting strips, leafs out late, oakroot fungus resistant
Hawthorn, English <i>Crataegus laevigata and varieties</i>	15-20'	15-20'	Medium	Mod.	Varies May-June	Scarlet berries sparse	Red orange	Most, drained	Takes sun, cold, susceptible to fireblight, has thorns, many color variations, 'Paul's Scarlet' a favorite.
Hawthorn, Washington <i>Crataegus phaenopyrum</i>	20-25'	15-20'	Medium	Mod.	White clusters May-June	red berries	Red orange	Most, drained	Takes sun, cold, has thorns, least susceptible to fireblight.
Honey Locust <i>Gleditsia triacanthos inermis</i>	35-40'	35-40'	Medium spreading invasive	Fast	Inconspicuous	Few or no pods	Yellow	Most	Takes heat, cold, wind. Lacy looking, good lawn tree, many varieties.
Locust, Black <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	40-50'	20-30'	Medium spreading invasive	Rapid	White pea shaped clusters	Brown bean- like pods	Yellow	Most	Takes sun, poor soil, has brittle branches, thorns, root suckers, attracts bees
Locust, Idaho <i>Robina ambigua</i>	30-40'	20-30'	Medium spreading invasive	Rapid	Magenta clusters May		Yellow	Most	Takes sun, poor soil, brittle branches, root suckers

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Japanese Pagoda Tree <i>Sophora japonica</i>	20-40'	20-40'	Deep	Mod.	Creamy white clusters July-Aug	Yellow bead like pods		Most	Takes sun, cold, flowers attract bees, good lawn tree, fruit slippery, oakroot fungus resistant.
Oak, California Black <i>Gleditsia triacanthos inermis</i>	30-80'	10-30'	Deep	Mod.	Catkins	Acorn	Yellow range	Most	Sun, handsome foliage, spring leaves pink-dusty rose, California native
Oak, California Blue <i>Quercus douglasii</i>	40-60'	25-50'	Shallow	Mod.	Catkins	Acorn	Yellow orange	Most	Sun, heat, litters, plant by itself, California native.
Oak, Scarlet <i>Quercus coccinea</i>	60-80'	35-40'	Deep	Mod.	Catkins	Acorn	Red	Most, drained	Sun, best oak for fall color, fairly pest free
Oak, Valley White <i>Quercus lobata</i>	50-70'	50-70'	Deep	Mod.	Catkins	Acorn	Yellow	Most, drained	Sun, gets oak galls, don't over water during growing season but will take winter flooding, California native
Persimmon, Oriental <i>Diospyros kaki</i>	25-30'	30-40'	Deep	Mod.	Yellow/white not showy	Orange scarlet fleshy	Orange red	Most, drained	Sun, 'Fuyu' - firm fleshed apple like fruit; 'Hachlya' - large pointed fruit, eat when mushy; fruit production drops without regular water
Pistache, Chinese <i>Pistacia chinensis</i>	30-40'	30-40'	Deep	Slow	Not showy, male & female trees	Red nut clusters	Orange red	Most, drained	Sun, cold to 20°, inedible nuts, gawky when young, oakroot fungus resistant.
Redbud, Western <i>Cercis occidentalis</i>	10-18'	10-18'	Medium	Slow	Magenta spring	Brown pods	Yellow	Most, drained	Sun, cold, California native, oakroot fungus resistant, shrub or tree
Tupelo - Sour Gum <i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	20-40'	15-20'	Medium	Slow	Inconspicuous	Blue-black plum-like	Red orange	Most	Sun, glossy green leaves, good fall color, don't buy root bound.
Walnut, California Black <i>Juglans hindsii</i>	30-60'	40-70'	Deep	Slow	Inconspicuous	Edible brown nuts	Yellow	Deep, drained	Sun, cold, susceptible to aphids, other plants don't do well underneath, oakroot fungus resistant.
Walnut, English <i>Juglans regia</i>	30-60'	40-70'	Deep	Mod.	Inconspicuous	Edible walnuts	Yellow	Deep, drained	Sun, cold, susceptible to aphids, other plants don't do well underneath, oakroot fungus resistant, needs regular deep water for best walnut production.
Zelkova <i>Zelkova serrata</i>	50-60'	50-70'	Shallow	Rapid			Red russet yellow	Most	Sun, cold, wind, roots can be invasive, leaves similar to elm.

BROADLEAF EVERGREEN TREES

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Acacia, Bailey <i>Acacia baileyana</i>	15-25'	15-30'	Shallow	Rapid	Yellow clusters Feb-Mar	Seed pods		Most, drained	Moderately cold hardy, sun or part shade, brittle, no strong wind, pollen aggravates allergies
Bay Tree - Grecian Laurel <i>Laurus nobilis</i>	12-25'	10-20'	Deep	Slow	Yellow small	Black berries		Most, drained	Part shade, traditional cooking bay leaf, compact leathery leaves.
Bay Tree, California <i>Umbellularia californica</i>	20-25'	20-25'	Medium	Slow	Yellow clusters May-June	Purple olive-like fruit		Most, drained	Part to all shade, cold, wind, strong flavored leaves for seasoning, California native, single or multi-trunk
Eucalyptus, Cider Gum <i>Eucalyptus gunni</i>	40-50'	20-30'	Shallow	Rapid	White, small April-June	Brown-urn capsules		Most, drained	Sun, wind, cold to 10°, litters, strong, vigorous grower for shade, wind break or screen
Eucalyptus, Nichols' Willow-Leafed <i>Eucalyptus nicholii</i>	to 40'	to 30'	Shallow	Rapid	Inconspicuous	Brown-urn capsules		Most, drained	Sun, wind, cold to 15°, litters, thin top to prevent toppling, fine textured foliage
Eucalyptus, Silver Dollar <i>Eucalyptus polyanthemos</i>	20-40'	10-40'	Shallow	Rapid	White, small Apr-June	Brown-urn capsules		Most, drained	Sun, wind, cold to 18°, litters, excellent cut foliage
Madrone <i>Arbutus menziesii</i>	20-40'	10-30'	Deep	Mod.	White-pink spring, some years	Orange red clusters		Most, drained	Sun or part shade, messy, hard to get started, beautiful reddish bark sheds yearly.
Oak, Cork <i>Quercus suber</i>	50-70'	50-70'	Deep	Slow	Catkins	Acorn		Most, drained	Sun, corky bark, shiny dark green 3" leaves with gray beneath. Occasional winter damage.
Oak, Holly <i>Quercus ilex</i>	40-50'	40-50'	Deep	Mod.	Catkins	Acorn		Most, drained	Sun or part shade, dark, rich green 1 ½-3" leaves, silvery beneath. Can be clipped into formal shapes or hedges
Olives	If you live below 2500 feet, you might want to consider olive trees but they are temperamental about our coldest winters - sometimes they survive, sometimes they don't. Well-established trees do better.								

CONIFER TREES

Cedar, Altas <i>Cedrus atlantica</i>	50-60'	40-50'	Deep	Slow		3' Cones		Most, drained	Sun, wind, cold, 'Glauca' silvery blue, branches tend to break in heavy snows.
Cedar, Deodar <i>Cedrus deodara</i>	40-80'	30-40'	Deep	Fast		5" cones		Most, drained	Sun, wind, cold, needs space, top nods naturally, good screen, bluish-green needles.

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Cedar, Incense <i>Calocedrus decurrens</i>	50-90'	40-50'	Deep	Mod.		Small		Most	Sun, shade, heat, wind, California native, fragrant foliage, good screen.
Cypress, Italian <i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	20-60'	8-15'	Deep	Mod.		1 ½' cones		Most, drained	Sun or part shade, narrow cone shaped, good border.
Fir, Douglas <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	to 70'	to 40'	Deep	Mod.		3" cones		Most, drained	Sun or part shade, California native, oakroot fungus resistant, pyramidal when young, can be pruned to keep dense.
Pine, Digger or Grey <i>Pinus sabiniana</i>	40-50'	20-30'	Deep	Fast		6-10" cones		Most	Sun, cold, wind, edible seeds, lacy, transparent.
Pine, Japanese Black <i>Pinus thunbergiana</i>	to 60'	30-40'	Deep	Fast		3" cones		Most, drained	Sun or part shade, hardy, takes any amount of pruning.
Pine, Knobcone <i>Pinus attenuata</i>	20-50'	15-40'		Mod.		6" cones		Most	Sun or part shade, cold, open, irregular shape when young
Pine, Pinon <i>Pinus edulis</i>	10-20'	8-15'		Slow		2" cones		Most, drained	Sun or part shade, cold, edible seeds
Pine, Ponderosa <i>Pinus ponderosa</i>	to 100' or more	30-40'	Deep	Mod.		3-5" cones		Most	Sun or part shade, cold, pine bark beetles a big problem, California native.
Pine, Scotch <i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	60-70'	40-60'	Deep	Mod.		2" cones		Most, drained	Sun or part shade, cold, wind, can be pruned to keep dense
Pine, Sugar <i>Pinus lambertiana</i>	to 100' or more	30-40'	Deep	Mod.		10-20' cones		Most	Sun or part shade, cold, sometimes temperamental, subject to beetles
Redwood, Giant <i>Sequoiadendron giganteum</i>	to 325' less in yards	75- 100'	Deep	Mod.		3" cones		Most, drained	Sun or part shade, cold, thick bark is insect and fire resistant, foliage is prickly, California native, needs iron